Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition shall afford all parties against whom the dismissal or summary decision is to be entered the opportunity to respond to the proposed dismissal or summary decision.

§17.21 Protest remedies.

- (a) The Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition has broad discretion to recommend remedies for a successful protest that are consistent with the AMS and applicable statutes. Such remedies may include, but are not limited to one or more, or a combination of, the following—
 - (1) Amend the SIR;
- (2) Refrain from exercising options under the contract;
 - (3) Issue a new SIR;
 - (4) Require recompetition;
- (5) Terminate an existing contract for the FAA's convenience;
 - (6) Direct an award to the protester;
 - (7) Award bid and proposal costs; or
- (8) Any combination of the above remedies, or any other action consistent with the AMS that is appropriate under the circumstances.
- (b) In determining the appropriate recommendation, the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition should consider the circumstances surrounding the procurement or proposed procurement including, but not limited to: the nature of the procurement deficiency; the degree of prejudice to other parties or to the integrity of the acquisition system; the good faith of the parties; the extent of performance completed; the cost of any proposed remedy to the FAA; the urgency of the procurement; and the impact of the recommendation on the FAA.
- (c) Attorney's fees of a prevailing protester are allowable to the extent permitted by the Equal Access to Justice Act, 5 U.S.C. 504(a)(1)(EAJA).

Subpart C—Contract Disputes

§ 17.23 Dispute resolution process for contract disputes.

- (a) All contract disputes arising under contracts subject to the AMS shall be resolved under this subpart.
- (b) Contractors shall file contract disputes with the Office of Dispute Res-

olution for Acquisition and the CO pursuant to §17.25.

- (c) After filing the contract dispute, the contractor should seek informal resolution with the CO:
- (1) The CO, with the advice of FAA legal counsel, has full discretion to settle contract disputes, except where the matter involves fraud;
- (2) The parties shall have up to twenty (20) business days within which to resolve the dispute informally, and may contact the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition for assistance in facilitating such a resolution; and
- (3) If no informal resolution is achieved during the twenty (20) business day period, the parties shall file joint or separate statements with the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition pursuant to § 17.27.
- (d) If informal resolution of the contract dispute appears probable, the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition shall extend the time for the filing of the joint statement under §17.27 for up to an additional twenty (20) business days, upon joint request of the CO and contractor.
- (e) The Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition shall hold a status conference with the parties within ten (10) business days after receipt of the joint statement required by §17.27, or as soon thereafter as is practicable, in order to establish the procedures to be utilized to resolve the contract dispute.
- (f) The Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition has broad discretion to recommend remedies for a successful contract dispute, that are consistent with the AMS and applicable law.

§17.25 Filing a contract dispute.

- (a) Contract disputes are to be in writing and shall contain:
- (1) The contractor's name, address, telephone and fax numbers and the name, address, telephone and fax numbers of the contractor's legal representative(s) (if any) for the contract dispute;
- (2) The contract number and the name of the Contracting Officer:
- (3) A detailed chronological statement of the facts and of the legal grounds for the contractor's positions regarding each element or count of the contract dispute (i.e., broken down by